ImageManagerClasses

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### **Chapter 1**

# ImageManagerClasses

#### 1.1 main

Here's a list of the classes which are currently build into the  $\ \leftrightarrow$ ImageManager.library. Follow a link to learn more about the class. This guide is PRELIMINARY! Link - Superclass File - Load a file Decoder - Decode binary data to 24 bit image data FSDither - Apply error diffusion to 24 bit data OrderedDither - Apply ordered dither to 24 bit data RandomDither - Add random noise to 24 bit data Remap - Remap 24 bit data to palette mapped (chunky) data Raster - Save data (chunky or 24 bit) to a rastport

```
Container

- Wrapper class for quantization objects (dither + remap)

Probe

- Probe for debug purposes

Credits

- The credits

Notes

- Various notes that you should read!
```

#### 1.2 credits

ImageManager.library is created by Allan Odgaard <Duff@DIKU.DK>, http://www.diku. ↔
 dk/students/duff/

Decoder modules are created by Gunther Nikl <GNikl@Informatik.Uni-Rostock.De>

#### 1.3 notes

I'd like to introduce some sort of 'Cache' class, which will cache displayable image data. Though I'm not sure how to add such a class in a flexible and transparent way, as one of the goals should be that if a second program loads an image, which are currently being processed, then it should be "added to the chain", so that the new program can also do incremental display.

A solution might involve changing the current API, so be prepared!

Also, I think the environment variables should probably be ditched in favor of pr. class tags.

Feedback is welcome! Duff@DIKU.DK

#### 1.4 link

Description The Link class is the superclass for all chain objects.

Methods IMM\_NewFrame - Create a new frame IMM\_ReceiveData - Receive data IMM\_EndFrame - Complete current frame IMM\_Abort - Abort creation of current frame

```
Attributes

IMA_Next [ISG]

Pointer to next object in the chain.

The superclass will redirect all of the above methods to this (next)

object. So if for example you want to pass on data to the next object in the

chain, simply pass it on to your superclass, which will check if there is a

next object in the chain. If one exists, it will pass on the method (with

arguments) to that object, and return its result. If no objects follow then

TRUE will be returned.
```

#### 1.5 file

Description This class will pass the contents of a specified file to its superclass.

Methods IMM\_File\_Load - Start fetching data from the file.

Attributes IMA\_File\_BufferSize [I..] (default: 3Kb) Adjust the size of the buffer used.

Notes The current implementation of this class uses AsyncIO.library by Magnus Holmgren.

#### 1.6 decoder

```
Description

This class accepts binary data (via IMM_ReceiveData) and decodes it to 24 bit

image data (if possible) and passes this data to the superclass.

Methods

None.

Attributes

None.

Notes

If no decoder module exists for the given image format, the class will use the

'Datatype.Decoder' which uses DTM_READPIXELARRAY to retrieve data (as RGBA)

from the datatype object. This only works for some of the V43 picture

datatypes. One of them is the one that comes with OS 3.5 - so if it fails to

work then it's time for an upgrade! :-)
```

#### 1.7 fsdither

```
Description
Apply floyd steinberg error diffusion to the 24 bit data received with
IMM_ReceiveData.
```

Methods None. Attributes IMA\_FSDither\_ColourCube [IS.] Specify the colour cube (see IM\_ObtainColourCube()) which should be used to decide the error diffusion. If none is given then the class assume that the target display is 16 bit with 5-6-5 bits pr. gun. Notes I would like a way to decide the bit distribution for non CLUT screens, but since this must be checked pr. pixel then I'm afraid it will hurt performance to much...

#### 1.8 ordereddither

Description Add ordered (pattern) dither to 24 bit data.

Methods None.

Attributes None.

Notes Do we need a threshold setting? Matrix size?

#### 1.9 randomdither

Description Apply random noise to 24 bit image data. This will (often) improve a later image ↔ quantization.

Methods None.

Attributes None.

Notes Do we need a threshold setting?

#### 1.10 remap

Description Remap 24 bit data to palette mapped (chunky) data

Methods None.

```
Attributes
IMA_Remap_ColourCube [I..]
Colour cube used for remapping. If none is given, OM_NEW will fail.
```

### 1.11 container

```
Description
Rather than examining the destination screen and create dither + remap objects
as required then you can instead create an instance of this class, and provide
it with a screen pointer. The class will then create the necessary objects,
and add them to the chain.
Methods
None.
Attributes
IMA_Container_Screen [I..]
   The destination screen. Required!
IMA_Container_ColourCube [I.G]
   You can supply a colour cube, which will be given to the remap and
   dither objects, if the destination screen is a CLUT screen.
   The class will create its own colour cube, if none is given.
IMA_Container_ReleaseColourCube [I..]
   If you don't supply a colour cube, but wants to dispose this object
   after rendering the image data, then set this attribute to FALSE, to stop
   the class from releasing its colour cube.
   You must then obtain the colour cube that this object allocated, and
   free it later yourself (with IM_ReleaseColourCube())
```

Notes

This class will use the environment variable 'ImageManager/Dither' to decide which dither type to use. Maybe this should instead be a tag?

### 1.12 raster

```
Description

This class will save all image data to the user supplied rastport.

Methods

None.

Attributes

IMA_Raster_RastPort [IS.]

The rastport used as destination for the image data.

IMA_Raster_OffsetX [IS.]

X offset into rastport.

IMA_Raster_OffsetY [IS.]
```

Y offset into rastport. Notes I should probably add a tag for making the class allocate its own bitmap, if no rastport is given. It also needs a 'clip box' setting, so that only a subset of the picture will be rendered.

#### 1.13 probe

Description This class can call a hook when certain methods are invoked. The hook follow normal hook calling conventions, and the message given is the message given to the method. Also, the result of the hook is used as method result.

Methods None.

#### Attributes

IMA\_Probe\_NewFrameHook [IS.]
Call this hook when IMM\_NewFrame is invoked on the object. The hook will be
called before the object calls the superclass.
Just to be sure, here's the code:

if(!data->NewFrameHook || CallHookA(data->NewFrameHook, obj, msg))
 result = DoSuperMethodA(cl, obj, msg);

IMA\_Probe\_ReceiveDataHook [IS.]
Call this hook when IMM\_ReceiveData is invoked on the object.

IMA\_Probe\_EndFrameHook [IS.]
Call this hook when IMM\_EndFrame is invoked on the object.

Notes

This class was mainly created for debug purposes. Though those of you who're too lazy to create your own subclass might find this class useful.